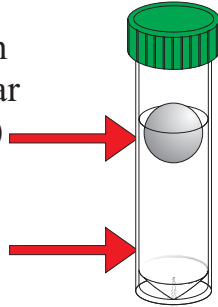


LAB-BART™ TEST FOR SLYM SLIME FORMING BACTERIA

Present/Absent - observe daily for 8 days.

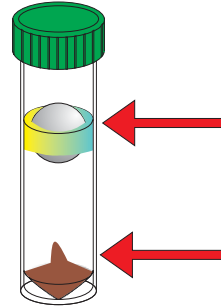
ABSENT
(Negative - Non-aggressive)

The solution remains clear (not cloudy) with NO slime or glowing under U.V.



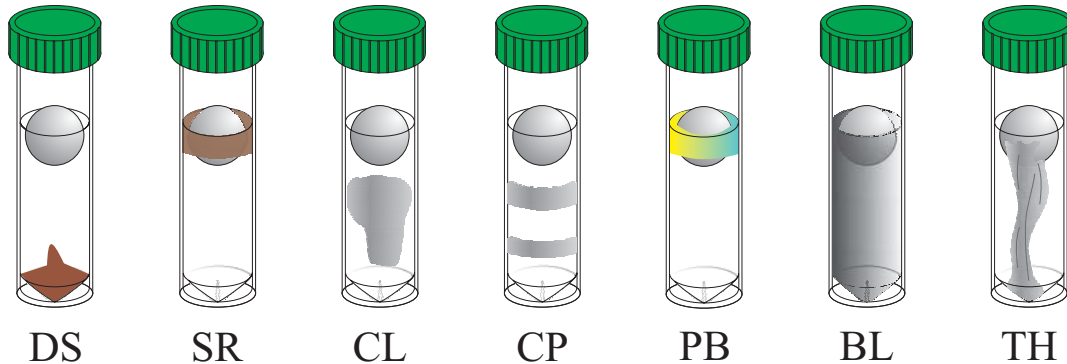
PRESENT
(Positive - Aggressive)

Cloudy solution, Glowing ring around ball under U.V. Light, and/or Slime growth at base of tube.



*Note: Refer to page bottom for approximate population

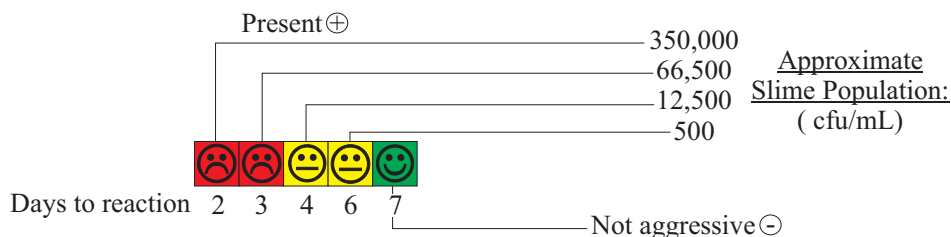
Advanced Test Information



Determination of Dominant Bacteria:

SLIME(DS) in base or **RING(SR)** around ball- Dense Slime Bacteria.
CLOUDY(CL) growth or **LAYERED PLATES(CP)**- Slime Forming Bacteria.
PALE BLUE GLOWING(PB) around ball(U.V. light) - Fluorescing Pseudomonads.
BLACKENED LIQUID(BL) - Pseudomonads and Enterics
THREAD-LIKE STRANDS(TH) - Tight Slime Bacteria.

Determination of Potential SLYM Population - observe daily for reaction.

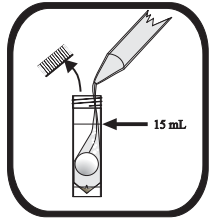


SLYM-BART™

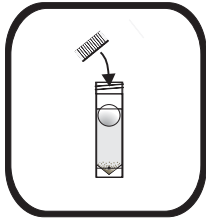
For water and wastewater

The SLYM-BARTs can be used as a P/A test capable of indicating to some extent the possible population size and the types of slime-forming organisms present in the water sample. Slime-forming bacteria are able to produce copious amounts of slime without necessarily having to use any iron. Iron bacteria also produce slime but usually it is thinner and involves the accumulation of various forms of iron.

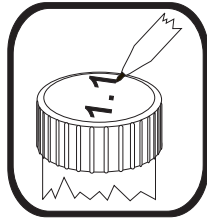
Slime-forming bacteria generally produce the thickest slime formations under aerobic (oxidative) conditions, which develop around the floating ball. Growth may be recognized as a cloudy or gel-like growth, which can be localized or occur throughout the sample. These growths are usually white, grey, yellow, or beige in color and can darken over time.



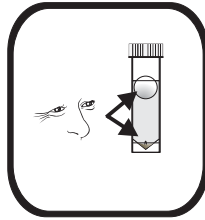
1. Aseptically pipette 15 ml of sample into the inner tube until the level reaches the fill line.
Note: After removing the cap from the inner tube, set it down directly on a clean surface. To avoid contamination, do not invert the cap.



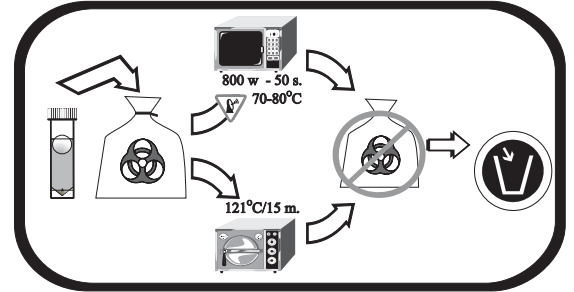
2. Tightly screw the cap back on the inner tube. Allow the medium to dissolve slowly, and the ball to rise at its own speed. DO NOT SHAKE OR SWIRL THE TUBE.



3. Label the inner tube with the date and sample origin.



4. Place the BART tube away from direct sunlight and allow to incubate at room temperature. Check the BART visually for reaction daily.



5. Safely dispose using a dedicated microwave oven or by autoclave.

Certificate of Analysis

This certificate confirms that the BART™ product listed by name, lot number, and batch number has been subjected to the full range of Quality Control procedures as outlined in "User Quality Control Manual in support of the BART Biodetection Technologies" published in 2004 by Droycon Bioconcepts Inc.

BART™ Type: SLYM-BART

Batch #:

Release date*:

Lot#:

Shipment date:

Expiry date:

* Approval for release includes the following criteria: 1. confirmation of sterility for the vials and caps, 2. approval of the medium pellet as being appropriately formed and acceptable, 3. is sterile, and 4. responds in a typical way to inoculation and incubation using selected defined microbial cultures. Details of these criteria are included in our Web Site.

This certificate confirms that the batch of the BART™ biodetectors listed have satisfactorily passed the QC screening procedures and were approved for release on the date given above

Certificate Number:

This certificate was issued by Droycon Bioconcepts Inc., 315 Dewdney Ave., Regina, SK., Canada, S4N 0E7 as an assurance that the product listed above has passed through the quality control procedures considered essential to the successful use of the testing device.



ISO 9001:2000
Registered

For more information, visit our web-site at:
<http://www.DBI.ca>